



**61ST REVISED EDITION INTERNATIONAL PROFESSIONAL RODEO
ASSOCIATION (IPRA) RULEBOOK CHANGES**

TO BE PUT INTO EFFECT FOR THE 2025 IPRA SEASON, BEGINNING DEC 1, 2024

- **60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage:** “Must add minimum of \$100 added money per event to be accepted.”
61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Must add a minimum of \$500 added money per event to be accepted.”
- **Page 25, Rule 12:**
60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: N/A
61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “All rodeos will have the option of making the team roping enter once or enter twice regardless of added money. When team roping is entered once there will be an additional \$20 variance on entry fees at the option of rodeo management.”
- **Page 28, Rule 26:**
60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Make all entry fee scales a variance of \$20 from minimum to maximum. Example \$50 minimum - \$70 maximum, \$70 minimum- \$90 maximum, \$80 minimum-\$100 maximum, etc. When Team Roping is entered once there will be another \$20.00 higher variance on entry fees. The following scale will be used in determining entry fees, in accordance with added money per event: \$500 or less \$50 minimum - \$70 maximum - entry fee per man per event. \$501- \$999, \$60 minimum - \$80 maximum entry fee per man, per event; \$1000-\$1200, \$70 minimum \$90 maximum entry fee per man, per event; \$1201-\$1500, \$80 minimum \$100 maximum entry fee per man per event, \$150 I- \$2000, \$90 minimum \$110 maximum ently fee per man, per event. \$2001 or more \$100 min. \$120 maximum or board can set max. Entry fee is per man unless approved by the Executive Committee. Permission request be granted by the Executive Committee for any deviation in the entry fee schedule. If 2 go-round rodeo is adding \$999 or less the maximum entry fee will be doubled. If \$1,000 or more is added in 2 go around rodeo the entry fee will be \$170 per man per event unless special approval is given by executive director.”

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Make all entry fee scales a variance of \$20 from minimum to maximum. Example \$60 minimum - \$80 maximum, \$80 minimum- \$100 maximum, \$90 minimum-\$110 maximum, etc. When Team Roping is entered once there will be another \$20.00 higher variance on entry fees. The following scale will be used in determining entry fees, in accordance with added money per event: \$500 or less \$80 minimum - \$100 maximum - entry fee per man per event. \$501- \$999, \$90 minimum - \$110 maximum entry fee per man, per event; \$1000-\$1200, \$100 minimum \$120 maximum entry fee per man, per event; \$1201-\$1500, \$110 minimum \$130 maximum entry fee per man per event, \$1501- \$2000, \$120 minimum \$140 maximum entry fee per man, per event. \$2001 or more \$130 min. \$150 maximum or board can set max. Entry fee is per man unless approved by the Executive Committee. Permission must be granted by the Executive Committee for any deviation in the entry fee schedule. If 2 go-round rodeo is adding \$999 or less the maximum entry fee will be doubled. If \$1,000 or more is added in 2 go around rodeo the entry fee will be \$190 per man per event unless special approval is given by executive director.”

- **Page 84, Rule #9 Drawing of livestock/Page 104, Rule#1**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: See Drawing of Livestock, Page 84, Rule #9 and Judging Methods/Timed Events, Page 104, Rule #1

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “If an event has less than (12) twelve contestant in every performance including the slack after the performance or designated slack, stock contractor may furnish (1) one animal for each contestant entered in the largest performance including the slack after that performance or designated slack plus one extra. Example (If a two performance rodeo has 7 steer wrestlers in the first performance and 5 steer wrestlers in the second performance they can furnish 8 steers for the draw, $7+1=8$)”

- **Page 88, Rule 1 /B**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: See Page 88, Rule 1 /B

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Steer Wrestling and Tie Down Roping Only

1-4 pays 1 place 100%

5-10 pays 2 places 60-40%

11-16 pays 3 places 50-30-20%

17-25 pays 4 places 40-30-20-10%

26-40 pays 5 places 30-25-20-15-10%

41-70 pays 6 places 29-24-19-14-9-5%

71 and over pays 8 places 23-20-17-14-11-8-5-2%

Repeal Tie-Down out of rule B on page 90.

- **60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage:** “Steer Wrestling Only

1-4 pays 1 place (100%)

5-10 pays 2 places (60-40%)

11-16 pays 3 places (50-30- 20%)

17-25 pays 4 places (40-30- 20-10%)

26-40 pays 5 places (30-25- 20-15-10%)

41-70 pays 6 places (29-24- 19-14-9-5%)

71 & over pays 8 places (23- 20-17-14-11-8-5-2%)”

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Steer Wrestling and Team Roping Only

1-4 pays 1 place (100%)

5-10 pays 2 places (60-40%)

11-16 pays 3 places (50-30- 20%)

17-25 pays 4 places (40-30- 20-10%)

26-40 pays 5 places (30-25- 20-15-10%)

41-70 pays 6 places (29-24- 19-14-9-5%)

71 & over pays 8 places (23- 20-17-14-11-8-5-2%)

Repeal Team Roping out of Rule on pg. 90.”

- **Page 89**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: N/A

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “In saddle bronc and bareback bronc riding when there are six (6) or less contestants, two (2) monies will be paid, divided 60%-40%, until first place exceeds one thousand dollars (\$1,000), then three (3) monies will be paid, divided 50%-30%-20%. When there are seven (7) through eleven (11) contestants, three (3) monies will be paid, divided 50%-30%-20%, until first place exceeds One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000), then four (4) monies will be paid, divided 40%-30%- 20%-10%. When there are twelve (12) or more contestants, four (4) monies will be paid, divided 40%-30%-20%-10% ,until first place exceeds Two Thousand Dollars, (2,000), then six (6) monies will be paid divided 29%-24%-19%-14%- 9%-5%.”

- **Page 89, Rule B**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Rule 1 B. Steer Wrestling Only 1-4 pays 1 place (100%) 5-10 pays 2 places (60-40%) 11-16 pays 3 places (50-30- 20%) 17-25 pays 4 places (40-30- 20-10%) 26-40 pays 5 places (30-25-20-15-10%) 41-70 pays 6 places (29-24- 19-14-9-5%) 71 & over pays 8 places (23- 20-17-14-11-8-5-2%)”

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Steer Wrestling and Cowgirls Breakaway Roping Only 1-4 pays 1 place (100%) 5-10 pays 2 places (60-40%) 11-16

pays 3 places (50-30-20%) 17-25 pays 4 places (40-30- 20-10%) 26-40 pays 5 places (30-25- 20-15-10%) 90 41-70 pays 6 places (29-24- 19-14-9-5%) 71 & over pays 8 places (23-20-17-14-11-8-5-2%)

Repeal Cowgirls Breakaway Roping from rule B on page 90.”

- **Page 93, Rule 3**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: See Page 93, Rule 3

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “At rodeos adding \$1,500 or more in any event ,judges shall be hired from the Senior Pro Judges list and failure to do so will result in a \$100 fine per judge that is not on the Senior Pro Judges list. (Explanation; the number of rodeos adding \$1,000 per event has increased and it is difficult in the busiest times of the year to assign judges at all of the rodeos. It will also put the responsibility of hiring the judges on the Rodeo Management instead of on the IPRA office.)”

- **Page 119, Rule 5**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: See Page 119, Rule 5

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Minimum weight of "180 pounds" and maximum weight of "250 pounds".”

- **Page 112, Rule 4**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: See Page 112, Rule 4

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “The contestant should attempt to have both spur rowels touching the animal, one on each side of the animal, anywhere above the break of the shoulders when the animal's front feet touch the arena floor the first time out of the bucking chute. This is called "The Mark Out"and if the contestant fails to complete "the mark out" the judges will take that into consideration when awarding points for the Rider's score. Judges will also take into consideration if the contestant is fouled or the animal stalls before leaving the chute,then no deductions should be made for failing to mark the animal out.”

- **Page 115, Rule 4**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: See Page 115, Rule 4

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “The contestant should attempt to have both spur rowels touching the animal, one on each side of the animal,anywhere above the break of the shoulders when the animal's front feet touch the arena floor the first time out of the bucking chute. This is called "The Mark Out" if the contestant fails to complete "the mark out" the judges will take that into consideration when awarding points for the Rider's score. Judges will also take into consideration if the contestant is fouled or the animal stalls before leaving the chute, then no deductions should be made for failing to mark the animal out.”

- **Page 120, Rule 7**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: See Page 120, Rule 7

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “A stopwatch will be used by the field judge. A calf must stay tied securely for three (3) seconds. Judge will start the time when the contestant completes the tie, signals for time and is clear of the calf. As soon as the judge signals that either the three (3) second inspection period is complete or that the contestant is disqualified because the calf did not stay tied for the three (3) second requirement the untie people will go to the calf immediately.”

- **Page 147, Rule 6**

60th Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Judges will check tie before entering box.”

61st Revised Edition IPRA Rulebook verbiage: “Judges will check tie before entering box by tugging on contestants' rope. If rope is not tied off to the saddle horn at the knot end of the rope or pulled away from the saddle horn when tugged on, contestant must re-tie rope to saddle horn.”